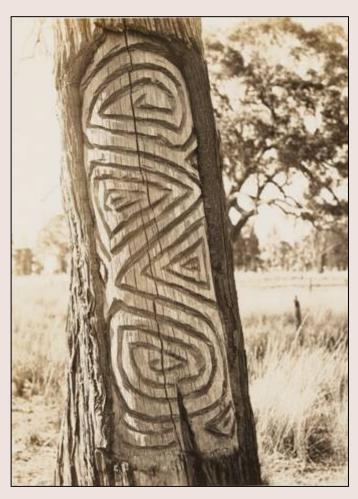
CARVED TRES

Aboriginal cultures of western NSW



The Exhibition

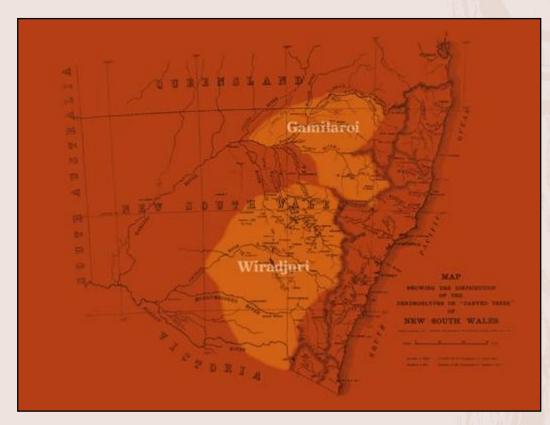


Wiradjuri country PXE 1018/Vol11_2a Towle collection

- rare surviving photographs of traditional Aboriginal carved trees
- the carving of trees is almost a lost tradition
- carved trees are heritage listed
- created by the Wiradjuri and Gamilaroi nations



Wiradjuri and Gamilaroi



Graphic created by Simon Leong for the State Library of NSW.

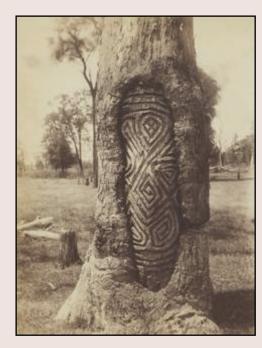
- the Wiradjuri are the largest Aboriginal group in NSW
- Wiradjuri carved trees
 - were primarily for burial markers
- Gamilaroi carves trees

were primarily for ceremonial initiation 'bora' ground markers





Carved Tree Designs



Wiradjuri country. Taphoglyph near Dubbo. Henry King a3533002



Gamilaroi country snake design pxe1018vol5 5a

- those beside graves marking a notable member of a tribe often feature geometric patterns
- these designs represent ritual and kinship affiliations of the deceased
- those found on initiation or 'bora' grounds often had animal

totems such as goannas and snakes





European Discovery



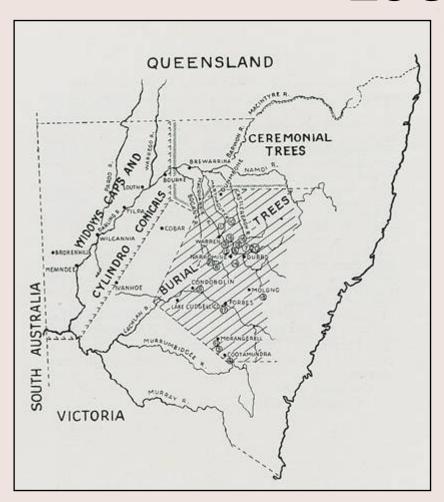
- the first European account was given by the explorer John Oxley in 1817
- during the early 1900s, many
 - Europeans documented and collected carved trees
- Europeans also removed trees to destroy evidence of Aboriginal occupation

Aboriginal Arboglyph, one of four trees carved by the Boree tribe on the death of Yaranigh $1847\ a3525001$





Location



- predominantly in Western NSW
- there are around 60 original trees still standing
- the largest site of surviving

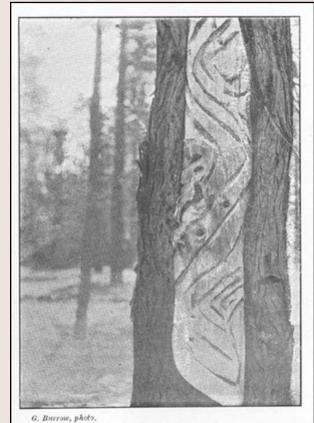
trees is at Collymongle station

Map of NSW Reproduction Lindsay Black BurialTrees002





Return of the Trees



Sacred tree from the bora 'initiation' ground from Barradine. Photo courtesy of Baradine Local Aboriginal

ABORIGINAL TREE CARVINGS, NEAR BARADINE, N.S.W.

Sacred Tree from Barradine on display at the Barradine Local

Aboriginal Land Council. Photo courtesy of Baradine Local Aboriginal Land Council.

- this tree from Baradine was carved in 1876
- it was removed by Europeans in 1918
- it was returned to the Baradine community 92 years later
- it is now on display at the Barradine Local Aboriginal Land Council



Land Council.



Bibliography

Images (in order of slideshow)
Unless stated, all photographic images from the Clifton Cappie Towle Collection

Wiradjuri country PXE 1018/Vol11_2a

Graphic created by Simon Leong for the State Library of NSW.

Aboriginal Arboglyph
One of four trees carved by the Boree tribe on the death of Yaranigh, 1847
a3525001

Wiradjuri country. Taphoglyph near Dubbo. Henry King a3533002

Gamilaroi country snake design pxe1018vol5_5a

Map of NSW Reproduction Lindsay Black BurialTrees002

Aboriginal Tree carving near Barradine NSW

Tree on display at the Barradine Local Aboriginal Land Council

Digital Sources

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